

What is claimed is:

1. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module comprising the steps of:

5 providing a first sheet of material defining two adjacent integrated module first components, and forming a via extending through the first sheet between the two adjacent integrated module first components;

filling the via with a conductive metal;

10 providing a second sheet of material defining two adjacent integrated module second components;

fixing the first and second sheets in overlying relationship with the two adjacent integrated module first components aligned with the two adjacent integrated module second components to form two adjacent integrated modules;

and

15 cutting the first and second sheets, through the via to separate the first and second sheets into separate integrated modules, each module having a portion of the
20 via filled with conductive metal in a periphery thereof and extending along a portion of the periphery.

2. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 wherein the steps of

25 providing the first sheet of material and providing the second sheet of material include providing sheets of printed circuit boards.

3. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 2 wherein the step of filling the via with the conductive metal includes filling the via with a solder paste.

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4. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 wherein the steps of providing the first sheet of material and providing the second sheet of material include providing sheets of unfired ceramic material.

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5. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 4 wherein the steps of providing sheets of unfired ceramic material include providing sheets of Al_2O_3 , glass particles and a binder.

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6. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 5 further including a step of firing the unfired ceramic material subsequent to the cutting step at a firing temperature high enough to form ceramic modules.

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7. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 6 wherein the step of filling the via with the conductive metal includes using a conductive metal with a melting temperature greater than the firing temperature.

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8. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of providing the first sheet of material further includes providing a plurality of first sheets of material each including a via
5 extending therethrough.

9. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 8 wherein the step of providing the second sheet of material further includes providing a
10 plurality of second sheets of material.

10. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 8 wherein the step of fixing the first and second sheets in overlying relationship
15 ~~aligns vias in the plurality of first sheets to produce a~~
common via extending partially through the two adjacent integrated modules from a lower surface of a lower sheet to an upper surface of an intermediate sheet.

20 11. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 10 where, in the steps of providing the plurality of first sheets and providing the plurality of second sheets, the pluralities provided
25 result in the common via extending in a range from approximately 75 μm to approximately one half of a distance between a lower surface of a lower sheet and an upper surface of an upper sheet.

12. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of forming the via includes forming a hole with a cross-sectional dimension in a range of approximately 125 μm to
5 approximately 500 μm .

13. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 12 wherein the step of forming the hole further includes forming a plurality of adjacent,
10 partially overlapping, holes to define a single via with an elongated cross-section.

14. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 further including a step of
15 ~~providing a connection pad on a surface of each module and~~
contacting the portion of the via filled with conductive metal in the periphery.

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20 15. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 14 wherein the step of providing the connection pad includes providing a connection pad with a contact surface area substantially greater than a cross-sectional area of the portion of the via.

16. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of forming the via includes forming a plurality of spaced apart vias and further including a step of providing a stress relief anchor pad spaced approximately an equal distance from each of the plurality of spaced apart vias.

17. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material each defining two adjacent integrated module first components, and forming a plurality of vias extending through the plurality of first sheets between the two adjacent integrated module first components;

filling each of the plurality of vias with a conductive metal paste;

providing a plurality of second sheets of unfired ceramic material each defining two adjacent integrated module second components;

fixing the plurality of first sheets and the plurality of second sheets in overlying relationship with the two adjacent integrated module first components aligned with the two adjacent integrated module second components to form two adjacent integrated modules;

cutting the fixed pluralities of first and second sheets, through the pluralities of vias to separate the fixed pluralities of first and second sheets into two separate integrated modules, each module having a portion of each of the plurality of vias in a periphery thereof and extending along a portion of the periphery; and

firing the two separate integrated modules at a firing temperature high enough to form ceramic modules, the conductive metal having a melting temperature greater than the firing temperature.

18. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 17 wherein the step of providing the plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material further includes providing one of the plurality
5 of first sheets of unfired ceramic material with an enlarged opening in communication with one of the plurality of vias.

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19. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 17 wherein the step of providing one of the plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material with an enlarged opening includes a step of at least partially filling the enlarged opening with the conductive metal paste.

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20. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 17 wherein the step of fixing the pluralities of first and second sheets of unfired ceramic material in overlying relationship aligns vias in
20 the plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material to produce a common via extending partially through the two adjacent integrated modules from a lower surface of a lower sheet of unfired ceramic material to an upper surface of an intermediate sheet of unfired ceramic
25 material.

21. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 20 where, in the steps of providing the plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material and providing the plurality of second sheets of unfired ceramic material, the pluralities provided result in the common via extending in a range from approximately 25 μm to approximately one half of a distance between a lower surface of a lower sheet of unfired ceramic material and an upper surface of an upper sheet of unfired ceramic material.

22. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 17 wherein the step of forming the via includes forming a hole with a cross-sectional dimension in a range of approximately 125 μm to approximately 500 μm .

23. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 22 wherein the step of forming the hole further includes forming a plurality of adjacent, partially overlapping holes to define a single via with an elongated cross-section.

24. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated module as claimed in claim 17 further including a step of providing a stress relief anchor pad on an exposed surface of one of the plurality of first sheets of unfired ceramic material, the stress relief anchor pad being spaced
5 approximately an equal distance from each of the plurality of spaced apart vias.

25. A method of fabricating a low profile integrated
10 module comprising the steps of:

providing a first sheet of material defining two adjacent integrated module first components, and forming a plurality of spaced apart vias extending through the first sheet between the two adjacent integrated module first

15 components;

providing two stress relief anchor pads on a surface of the first sheet of material, one each of the two stress relief anchor pads being positioned within each of the two adjacent integrated module first components, and each of
20 the two stress relief anchor pads being spaced approximately an equal distance from each of the plurality of vias;

filling the plurality of vias with a conductive metal;

25 providing a second sheet of material defining two adjacent integrated module second components;

fixing the first and second sheets in overlying relationship with the two adjacent integrated module first

components aligned with the two adjacent integrated module
second components to form two adjacent integrated modules,
the second sheet of material being fixed to a surface of
the first sheet of material opposite the surface of the
5 first sheet of material having the two stress relief
anchor pads thereon; and

cutting the first and second sheets, through the via
to separate the first and second sheets into separate
integrated modules, each module having one of the two
10 stress relief anchor pads and a portion of each of the
plurality of vias in a periphery thereof.

26. A method of connecting a low profile integrated module to a supporting substrate comprising the steps of:

providing a low profile integrated module including a plurality of sheets of material fixed together to form the module and defining a lower module surface, an upper module surface, and side module surfaces, the module further including a via extending through at least one of the plurality of sheets from the lower module surface partially to the upper module surface and in a side module surface, the via being filled with a conductive material;

providing a supporting substrate having a mounting pad on a mounting surface thereof, the mounting pad having an upper surface greater in area than a lower surface of the via;

positioning the lower module surface adjacent the upper surface of the mounting pad; and

soldering the via to the mounting pad so that solder wicks up the via along the side module surface.

27. A method of connecting a low profile integrated module to a supporting substrate as claimed in claim 26 wherein the steps of providing the supporting substrate having the solder pad and soldering the via include providing a standoff height between the module and the supporting substrate in a range of approximately 25 μm to 500 μm .

28. A low profile integrated module comprising:

a plurality of first integrated module components
affixed together in overlying relationship with a
plurality of common vias extending therethrough from a

5 lower to an upper surface and positioned in side surfaces;

a plurality of second integrated module components
fixed together in overlying relationship, the plurality of
first components and the plurality of second components
being affixed together and aligned to form an integrated
10 module with the plurality of vias extending from a lower
surface of the module toward an upper surface of the
module partially along at least one side surface of the
module; and

the plurality of vias being filled with conductive
15 material.

29. A low profile integrated module as claimed in
claim 28 wherein each via of the plurality of vias extends
from the lower surface of the module partially along the
20 at least one side surface of the module a distance in a
range of approximately 75 μm to approximately one half of
the distance between the lower surface of the module and
the upper surface of the module.

30. A low profile integrated module mounted on a supporting substrate, the assembly comprising:

a module including a plurality of first integrated module components affixed together in overlying relationship with a plurality of common vias extending therethrough from a lower to an upper surface and positioned in side surfaces, and a plurality of second integrated module components fixed together in overlying relationship, the plurality of first components and the plurality of second components being affixed together and aligned to form an integrated module with the plurality of vias extending from a lower surface of the module toward an upper surface of the module partially along at least one side surface of the module;

~~a supporting substrate having an upper surface with a plurality of connecting pads formed on the upper surface, the lower surface of the module positioned adjacent the upper surface of the supporting substrate with each via of the plurality of vias overlying an associated different one of the plurality of connecting pads; and~~

solder connecting each via of the plurality of vias to the associated connecting pad, the solder extending from the associated connecting pad at least partially along the via to form a fillet between each of the vias and the associated connecting pad.

31. An assembly as claimed in claim 30 wherein the lower surface of the module and the upper surface of the supporting substrate are separated by a standoff height in
5 a range of approximately 25 μm to approximately 125 μm .

32. An assembly as claimed in claim 30 wherein each via of the plurality of vias extends from the lower surface of the module partially along the at least one
10 side surface of the module a distance in a range of approximately 75 μm to approximately one half of the distance between the lower surface of the module and the upper surface of the module.